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# AMADOR LEDGER

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Established October 27, 1855. JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1908. Five Cents Per Copy.

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AND SILVERWARE  
All goods warranted as represented  
Repairing of watches, clocks and jewelry specialty.

## LOOKS LIKE FOUL MURDER OF A SIGHTLESS MAN

**Elia Krevo Found Dead With a Bullet Hole in His Head, at Cabin Near Argonaut Mine.**

A small frame building on the west side of the Kennedy grade, on the Muldoon ground and a short distance from the Argonaut mine, was the scene of a shocking tragedy on Friday evening last. In this dwelling by the roadside dwelt three brothers and a sister, an Austrian family. The brothers were Elia, Marco and George Krevo, and the sister Kate Krevo. The latter is about seventeen years old, and was the housekeeper for the establishment. They had occupied this building for nearly two years. Most of the time the three men had worked at the Argonaut mine. George and Marco are still employed at that mine. Elia, the deceased had worked there up to a few months back, when he met with two mishaps, which placed him permanently on the disabled list. First, he was caught by a blast, the flying debris injuring him about the face. The effect of this was an impairment of his sight. He returned to work, but two or three months back another misfortune overtook him. A piece of steel struck him in the eye—the optic which was the least damaged by the previous accident—completely destroying the sight of that eye. Since this misfortune he had been unable to work, being nearly blind, with the dim vision remaining growing gradually dimmer, foreshadowing total blindness at no very distant date. Elia was the eldest of the brothers, being 35 years of age, and had been a resident of this country, and mostly of this county for the past twelve years. He was able to speak English fairly well, and also to sign his name.

After his double misfortune he continued to live with his brothers as before, was looked after by them, and received some money support from the Austrian Benevolent Society, of which he was a member. The brothers and sister seemed to get along happily enough, until the last few weeks. It is said Elia became rather despondent at times, brooding over the total darkness that he knew was impending, remarking that he might as well be dead as blind. Beyond this despondent mood, he never gave any intimation of suicide.

Of late according to report, the love affairs of the sister Kate seem to have caused a break in the harmony of the family. On Thursday, July 23d, she left for Oakland, it is said to meet a young man who had promised to marry her. She returned the following Sunday failing to see the young man. On the following Tuesday she applied to the district attorney's office for a warrant of arrest for a man named Paul Klichean, on a charge of felonious assault. A warrant on a battery charge was given, and the accused is out on bonds awaiting examination and trial. This pending case divided the brothers and sister into two factions; Elia wanted the matter settled without a public trial; the sister refused to have it settled in that way, and the other brothers appeared to side with her.

**Elia Murdered.**  
Between nine and ten o'clock Friday night quite an excitement was caused on Main street, on account of Miss Kate Krevo running crying into town, reporting that her brother Elia had been killed, or rather that she had heard shots. It seems she brought the news to town, fully a mile distant, instead of going to the Argonaut mine, only a few hundred yards away. She ran into Nettle & Olver's store, and fell exhausted after telling her story. W. J. Nettle, superintendent of the Argonaut, was in the store at the time. He took the girl to his home on Broadway, and then got a team from the stable, and in company with J. Garbarini, stated for the scene of the murder. They were the first to see the victim after the alarm. The body lay on a slight embankment a few feet from the rear part of the house. It was stretched under a tree, in the spot which deceased had selected as a sleeping place during the heated spell of the preceding month. He was fully dressed except that the feet were bare. The body was stretched at full length on its back, the head toward the east, and the feet toward the house. Both hands rested upon the abdomen, outside the blanket covering, one hand a little above the other, but not clasped nor meeting at any

point. He appeared to be sleeping. An examination showed a bullet hole in the right ear, from which the blood was still issuing, showing that the wound had been inflicted but a short time before. No pistol or other weapon was found. The position of the body, and the absence of any weapon to, account for the wound, at once created the impression that a foul murder had been committed upon a sightless man, apparently without an enemy in the world.

Coroner H. E. Potter came over Saturday, and impanelled a jury consisting of the following: J. S. Garbarini, H. E. Stowers, F. Garbarini, E. W. Kelly, M. Ford, R. Webb, W. D. Dufrene, S. Harris, W. M. Penry, jr., N. Marella, E. R. Gardiner. After viewing the body the inquest was postponed until Monday, to enable the surgeons to make an autopsy, and report the results.

**Coroner's Inquest.**  
The coroner's inquisition was held in the supervisor's room Monday evening. W. E. Doan taking the testimony in shorthand, and L. J. Glavinovich acting as interpreter for the Austrian witness, the district attorney asking the questions.

George Krevo, brother of deceased, testified that he with his brother Marco, the deceased, and sister Kate, had occupied the house where the tragedy occurred for the last twenty-one months. Saw deceased last alive on Friday, July 31, at supper time; witness was employed at the mine on day shift. His brother Marco was on night shift, and left for his work about five o'clock that evening. Witness left home about ten or fifteen minutes after six that evening for town; left deceased and sister in the house as usual, talking; Elia was well, but his sight was poor; he had been talking some about the trouble his sister had with a party, and advised that it be settled; deceased told him he was afraid to stay in that place, that they had no wood, and it were better to change; never asked him why he wanted to leave, but told him he knew no one to be afraid of. He was in the habit of talking that way since he lost his sight; knew of no one that had any grievance against deceased; his brother Marco had deceased's money, about \$65, did not know where he kept it; after leaving home went to Radonich's place and while there was told by one Dabovich that Elia was shot; went home at once, but did not go to the spot where the body lay, until the sheriff came; could see body from inside the room looking through the window; also from a rear doorway; it was lying on a slight bank behind the house, and under a tree, where he had been accustomed to sleep; did not go to the body when the officers arrived; neither he nor his brother Marco ever had any quarrel with deceased; never knew of any quarrel between deceased and sister, they had no quarrel on the night he met his death; never heard deceased insist that Kate settle the trouble she had; heard his sister say she would not settle it. There was a rifle and revolver kept in the house; revolver belonged to deceased; had seen it a few days before his brother's death; had looked everywhere for it since, but could not find it; looked all around the house, but not toward the water ditch.

Katie was away for three or four days; she returned home a week ago last Sunday; she went with Mrs. Ger-molies, did not know where she went, but she said she was in Oakland; all the brothers contributed money for her trip. Marco Krevo testified that he left home Friday evening last to go to work at ten minutes past 5; took supper before he left; the three brothers and sister were present; sister cooked the supper; had to cut meat for Elia, and wait on him otherwise, on account of falling sight he could not see people in daylight. Deceased talked about the trouble, said he heard Kate talking with man in the roadway for twenty minutes; he also said it was an unlucky house and they had better move away, that he had lost his sight, and did not like to live there; said it would be better for Kate to settle the trouble; witness replied that if the girl was right, better go ahead; saw a pistol in the

house about fifteen days before; it was a big pistol, 41 caliber, saw no shells that night; didn't know whether deceased had any money on his person; had \$65 of his money, it was in witness' trunk; had no money in bank now; kept \$500 there until this trouble arose, never shot the pistol; some shells were produced and he recognized them as like those seen in the house that fitted pistol; never saw deceased kiss his sister on retiring for the night; never heard brother say he was afraid if he stayed there some one would kill him; did not suspicion anyone of killing him; Elia was not home all that day; he went to town to draw his check of \$50 from the society; witness returned home about 11 o'clock on being told of what had occurred, the body was lying in the house at that time, but he did not know it, thought it had been taken to town; did not know otherwise until three o'clock next morning; Elia had been sleeping outside under the tree for 15 or 20 days; retired about 8:30 usually; did not believe he committed suicide but that he was murdered; he might have killed himself but some one took away the revolver; no one was keeping company with his sister. Dr. E. E. Endicott testified that he made an autopsy, assisted by Dr. Gall; found a bullet wound in the right ear; penetrating the skull, the bullet was split into four pieces; three pieces ranging downward, and lodging near the jaw; the other lodging near the point of entrance; deceased died from nervous shock caused by wound; found no powder marks about the wound; in his opinion the wound could not have been inflicted by the deceased.

W. J. Nettle said he was one of the first to reach the scene of tragedy after the alarm; found deceased lying apparently asleep, under the tree in the rear of house; blood was issuing from the wound when he got there; did not touch the body, and could not tell whether it was cold or not; the shot that caused death could not have been fired from inside the house, but by a person on the south of the victim; deceased had called on him at the Argonaut mine on the day of his death, and asked him to try and see his sister and settle the trouble.

The jury after deliberating returned a verdict that deceased came to his death from a gunshot wound in the right ear, inflicted by some party or parties unknown. Kate Krevo, who is supposed to have been the sole occupant of the premises outside of the victim at the time of the homicide, was not examined. It is thought she knows much about it. She has been at the Globe hotel since the fatal night, and no one permitted outside of the officials to converse with her; it is hoped to get the story of the shooting from her lips, but so far little has been accomplished in that direction; while the brothers in testifying were uncon-fused in the least, yet they left the impression that they were not telling all.

The victim was buried in the Greek cemetery on Monday afternoon, the Rev. T. H. Nicholas, of the M. E. church, officiating, in the absence of the Greek priest. The funeral was under the direction of the local Miners' Union, of which deceased was a member.

**Granulated Sore Eyes Cured.**  
"For twenty years I suffered from a bad case of granulated sore eyes, says Martin Boyd of Henrietta, Ky. "In February, 1903, a gentleman asked me to try Chamberlain's Salve. I bought one box and used about two-thirds of it and my eyes have not given me any trouble since." This salve is for sale by Jackson's drug store, Spagnoli, prop.

**Military Roll.**  
According to the law the assessor of each county has to report each year to the military authorities the names of all able men in the county. This list is made up from the poll tax receipts. As payment for this work he is allowed five cents per name. His bill against the county was \$133.50, making 2670 men between the ages of twenty-one and sixty, liable for military duty at a moment's call. The report will be sent to Brigadier General Koster at the Presidio in San Francisco.

**Disagreeable at Home.**  
Lots of men and women who are agreeable with others, get "cranky" at home. Its not disposition, its the liver. If you find in yourself that you feel cross around the house, little things worry you, just buy a bottle of Ballard's Herbine and put your liver in shape. You and everybody around you will feel better for it. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Rubser's City Pharmacy.

## Shooting Scrape in Amador City.

As the result of a shooting scrape in Amador City last Sunday night, Angelo Casazza, one of the participants, has his head tied up and his arm bandaged, while numerous stitches had to be taken to close the dozen or more cuts from a revolver and pocket knife wielded by Camilo Rossi. The fight occurred about midnight in the house of ill repute near Amador. Casazza is said to be of a quarrelsome nature, but Rossi is reported to be peaceably disposed, avoiding trouble at all times. It seems the two were spending the evening, and had been drinking freely. Casazza had been bothering Rossi during the entire time and had been warned repeatedly by the bartender to desist or he would be obliged to put him out. During the conversation Casazza exhibited a revolver. One of the bystanders asked to see it and without the knowledge of the owner extracted the shells, returning it empty. Casazza became so troublesome that it was found necessary to put him out of the house. He returned, however, in a few minutes and started after Rossi in a threatening manner. Seated at a table were a number of men, including the bartender, playing cards. The bartender expecting trouble had placed a revolver in his pocket earlier in the evening, and while he was sitting at the table it was protruding from his pocket, Rossi had evidently taken particular notice of it, as he was unarmed, for he grabbed this gun from the bartender and commenced to shoot at Casazza. The latter drew his gun but found it empty. Rossi emptied his gun, two of the bullets striking Casazza on top of the head taking a little of his scalp. One of them ploughed a furrow along the top of the skull. Another bullet struck him in the left arm. Casazza continued to approach Rossi, so when the revolver was empty the latter pulled out his pocket knife and commenced to slash his opponent, inflicting in all nearly fifteen wounds, one of them being across the hand, where he grabbed the blade. It was all done so quickly that there was little time for interference until then.

Monday morning Rossi came to Jackson to see about having Casazza arrested, but he himself was thrown into jail. Constable Tuttle of Sutter Creek was notified and immediately went to Amador City to place Casazza under arrest. He was brought over that afternoon and placed in jail to await examination.

## Hospital Report.

Admitted:—Thos. Elliot, a native of England, 65 years of age; Carlo Rossi, Italy, 67; Wm Granville, England, 51; Robert Roberts, Scotland, 38; Z T Justus, aged 59; John Dox-obeus, Holland, 75.  
Discharged:—Z T Justus.  
Remaining August 1, 42.

## Church Notes.

Order of services at the Methodist Episcopal church as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching services every Sunday to commence at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

## WOMEN'S WOES.

**Jackson Women Are Finding Relief at Last.**

It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pains that afflict humanity; they must "keep up," must attend to duties in spite of constantly aching backs, or headaches, dizzy spells, bearing-down pains; they must stoop over, when to stoop means torture. They must walk and bend and work with racking pains and many aches from kidney ills. Kidneys cause more suffering than any other organ of the body. Keep the kidneys well and health is easily maintained. Read of a remedy for kidneys only that helps and cures the kidneys and is endorsed by people you know.

Mrs C. Williams, living on Pitt street, Jackson, Cal., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and am glad to say that they act as represented. When I commenced their use, I was in a very bad way as the result from kidney trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention, I procured a box at the City Pharmacy and began their use. My kidneys are now in fine condition and I feel better in every way."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and taken no other

Receipt books, location blanks, deeds mortgages, promissory notes, etc. for sale; also mining signals on cloth, graduation diplomas, at the Ledger office

## Hotel Arrivals

National—Thursday: Mrs Mason, Defender; John Braum, Jamestown; F B Winchell, Wm Hoss, H A Bon-tell, San Francisco; C Toklas, Berkeley; R Williams, San Jose.

Friday—B Gieckfeld, Chas Hire and wife, San Francisco; A V Men-denhall, Mrs H B Livermore, Oak-land; Mrs Deaver, G Lay, Colorado; Mr Whitley, Grand Junction; S J Pearce, Amador City.

Saturday—Walter E Yost, Stockton; Mrs E C Baker, Miss Kate Grubb, Electra; Phil Mendelsohn, San Fran-cisco; J D Fogarty, W F Carrigan, W H Fogarty, Oakdale; J O'Connell, San Andreas; W Kerr, Angels.

Sunday—L E Endus, Madera; Frank J Warden, H E Wienicke, M J Haber, W L Wales, C D Curry, San Fran-cisco; W E Esken, J M Fontenrose, Electra.

Monday—H Van Orden, San Fran-cisco; Will Connors and 12 jurors.

Tuesday—A J Zadig, Harrison Houseworth, J P Randolph, B F Thompson, San Francisco; Henry W Arnold, Sacramento; L B Crout, Ogden; Charles Webber, Stockton.

Wednesday—Mary Taylor, Bakers-field; E F McLeod, R McNamara, C F Hanson, S V Burner, A B Seol, V S Nevins, C B Gordon and wife, E P Eldred, San Francisco; Frank Bar-net, Oakland; W H Willis, Fruitvale; A P Simpson, Stockton.

Globe—Thursday: Jas McBride, Daniel Shelley, Sacramento; F B Joyce, Defender; J J Williams, Ray-mond Adams, Lodi; Edgar Ekel, Camanche; Geo Lieve, Barney Levy, San Francisco; W Ludekens, Pine Grove.

Friday—T J French, Mrs French, Oleta; Mrs C Corrin, Campo Seco.

Saturday—John Ekel, Plymouth; Miss B McKinney, Miss V M Kelly, Ione.

Monday—Ed Bryant, J A Maestretti, Ione; Mr McLane, A W Kimball, De-fender; James Lowry, N T Williams, Pine Grove; Louis Griffith, H Jame-son, H E Potter, S M Sharp, Ply-mouth; John Sharp, Oleta; J W White, Sam Pearce, Amador City; R H Bagley, Ione; B A Farmer, Stock-ton; Eva Chinn, Camp Seco; J Mc-Sorley, Oakland.

Tuesday—E Martin, Sutter Creek; Geo E Allen, San Francisco.

Wednesday—Geo D Stewart, James Nevens, Geo P Cates, Sacramento; Mr and Mrs J McClary, Oleta; G Carnisa, D Dalleria, San Francisco.

## Chronic Diarrhoea Relieved.

Mr. Edward E. Henry, with the United States Express Co., Chicago, writes, "Our general superintendent, Mr Quick, handed me a bottle of Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy some time ago to check an attack of the old chronic diarrhoea. I have used it since that time and cured many on our trains who have been sick. I am an old soldier who served with Rutherford B. Hayes and William McKinley four years in the 23rd Ohio Regiment, and have no ailment except chronic diarrhoea, which this remedy stops at once." For sale by Jackson's drug store, Spagnoli, prop.

## School Matters.

W. H. Greenhagh, superintendent of schools, filed his report Monday with the board of supervisors stating that he would require \$15,330 for school purposes for the ensuing year. This is at the rate of \$7 for every school child in the county. The ex-penses of the schools amount to more than this so the board has found it necessary to allow more than the minimum in the past. This will be decided next month when the tax rate is fixed.

Attorney-general Webb has recently interpreted the law in regards to counting post graduate students among the daily average attendance, and has ruled that this cannot be done. This will probably create a great deal of trouble as most of the county superintendents had filed their reports with the state super-intendent before the ruling was made. The county superintendents of schools biennial convention has just been called by the state super-intendent Hyatt, to meet at Tahoe Tavern on September 14th. W. H. Greenhagh expects to be among those present.

## Diarrhoea Cured

"My father has for years been troubled with diarrhoea, and tried every means possible to effect a cure, without avail," writes John H. Zirkle of Philippi, W. Va. "He saw Cham-berlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy advertised in the Philippi Republican and decided to try it. The result is one bottle cured him and he has not suffered with the dis-ease for eighteen months. Before taking this remedy he was a constant sufferer. He is now sound and well, and although sixty years old, can do as much work as a young man." Sold by Jackson's drug store, Spagnoli, prop.



## AMADOR LEDGER

Published every Friday Afternoon

RICHARD WEBB ..... Editor and Proprietor  
M. F. CALKINS ..... Business Manager

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THIS PAPER is kept on file at E. C. DAKE'S Advertising Agency, 779 Market street San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

## CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY..... AUGUST 7, 1908

## THE CONFESSION BUSINESS.

There is urgent need of more rigid and definite laws in regard to the method of procuring so-called confessions from persons accused of crime, and the use of such confessions as evidence before a trial jury, not merely against himself but also against co-defendants. Instances are constantly cropping up in the courts tending to show the necessity of reform in this respect. As the law now stands, a confession to be admitted in evidence must be freely and voluntarily made, without promise of reward or inducement of any kind. This is all right in theory, and if the law were adhered to in its spirit as well as the letter there would be little room for complaint. But there is often a wide gulf between theory and practice. Prosecuting officers, in their zeal to secure the conviction of those accused of crime, are apt to overstep the bounds. In this county last week the major part of the time consumed in a criminal trial was taken up in an exhaustive inquiry into the manner in which an alleged confession was obtained, so as to enable the court to determine whether or not the confession should be used as evidence against the defendant confessor. The solution of this side issue involved nearly as much expense as the trial proper. The Ruef affair in San Francisco graft prosecution is another case in point. The course of the officials in extorting confessions from the gang of boodlers and dealing out immunity contracts, and afterwards repudiating some of them, has done much towards discrediting the prosecution in the minds of the people. There is no question had the officials pursued a straight and honorable path, they would have accomplished more in the actual punishment of offenders, and at the same time have retained the confidence and support of the public. But they fell into devious ways, which are regarded as repugnant to our conceptions of law and morality, and as subversive of good government as the schemes of the boodling gang. Officials are but the instruments of the people. It is no part of their duty to compromise their constituents by veering in the slightest degree from our highest ideals of morality. Crime must be ferreted out and offenders punished. We believe the surest way to that end is by such conduct toward the accused as will awaken in the public mind the utmost faith in the prosecution. Duplicity, trickiness, or misrepresentation of any kind may well be dispensed with in dealing with parties accused of wrong. Better from the prosecution's standpoint that a defendant be accorded every right to which he is entitled under the law, freely and voluntarily at every stage of the proceedings from his arrest to his final conviction or discharge. If some simple rule to that end were adopted and made indispensable in every case it would be a step in the right direction, and furthermore would prove an aid rather than a stumbling-block in the punishment of evildoers.

Hearst has succeeded in launching his independent party into the presidential race, with Hisgen of Massachusetts for president, and Graves of Georgia for vice-president. The new party movement will draw from the democrats more than the republicans. It was Bryan's hope that the independents would indorse his candidacy, and one delegate attempted to make a motion to that effect, and was unceremoniously expelled. Hearst is playing foxy. He might have had the nomination, but preferred that some one else make the running for the initial heat. He knows the showing will be small anyway. But his aim is to break up the democratic party, by demonstrating the utter futility of trying any longer to elect a president on that ticket. He proposes to canvass personally in the South—hitting democracy in its vital spot. With a break-up of the solid south, the democratic party would be put out of business. When this is an accomplished Hearst will likely want to be a candidate for president. Our democratic friends, in their wrath, want to make out that Hearst is hired to split the democracy this year. Nothing of the kind. He is simply working out his own ends.

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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## BACK EAST CHEAP

Low Rate Summer Excursion Tickets sold to Eastern points on these dates:

July 21, 22, 23, 28, 29.  
August 17, 18, 24 and 25.  
September 15 and 16.  
Sept. 23, 24, 25, to Kansas City only.

Here are some of the rates:

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Council Bluffs	-	-	-	60.00
Kansas City	-	-	-	60.00
Chicago	-	-	-	72.50
St. Louis	-	-	-	67.50
New Orleans	-	-	-	67.50
Washington	-	-	-	107.50
Philadelphia	-	-	-	108.50
New York	-	-	-	108.50

Tickets sold on July dates good for 90 days; those sold August and September good until October 31.

Stopovers and choice of routes going and coming.

See nearest agent for details.

## SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

## GINOCCHIO BRO'S.

DEALERS IN

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Groceries, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Boots, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Mining Supplies, Lumber, Hardware, Hay, Grain, etc., etc.

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Reported weekly for the Ledger.

Workshop Northern Lights.—Forecasting Earthquakes and Explosions.—The Power Station Engine.—Voice Writing.—Gas Engines for Canals.—Sharp Electrotypes.—Our White Coal.—Blood Tells.

To produce the aurora borealis artificially has been recently found to be possible, and now P. Villard has performed the experiment before the French Physical Society and described the method. A large vacuum flask being placed between the poles of an electro-magnet, a stream of cathode rays is shot into the flask in a direction oblique to the magnetic field. The rays take the form of a luminous spiral, and near each pole of the magnet the spiral is nearly reversed, taking a backward course. On account of the axes of the spirals being slightly inclined to that of the field, they give rise to a spheroidal surface with an axis coinciding with that of the field, and with a piece cut out at each pole. In the natural phenomena of the skies, it would appear that the earth is enclosed in the mostly invisible spheroid of rays, and that we see the aurora at the edge of one of the polar openings, where the spirals approach closest and are brightest and deepest.

Working since 1871 on the theory that dangerous gas emission in mines follows unusual release of pressure, Francis Laur believes that mine explosions can be foreseen and guarded against like storms. On Jan. 28, 1907, a long continued period of high barometer over Europe was followed by a sudden fall of pressure lasting two days, and with this fall came simultaneous explosions in the Keden mine in Germany, the Lievin in France, and the Charlestown in England. Numerous mines in France and Belgium heeded the warnings given, averting risk of disaster by stopping work or taking extra precautions in dangerous workings.

The modern power station is a product of the coincident development of the high speed dynamo and alternator and of the new steam engine. In lectures to the London Royal Institution Gerald Storey has been reviewing the remarkable progress of the steam turbine, and he points out that no reciprocating engine of large size is now being put down either in England or on the continent. The first practical steam turbine was the one of 10 horse power built by Parsons in 1884. Several turbo-alternators of 120 horse power were supplied in 1888, and were used for electric lighting stations. The compound steam turbine was adapted to work with a condenser in 1892. The first condensing turbine was of 150 horse power, driving a 100 kilowatt alternator 4,800 revolutions a minute, and this proved so economical a heat engine as to mark a new era. Return from the radial flow to the parallel flow type was made in 1894, with improvements in detail that increased efficiency and lessened cost. Large sizes were made, turbo-generators were supplied to Germany, and in late years the demand for the Parson's steam turbine has increased by bounds, until about 2,500,000 horse power on land are used and ordered. For the marine steam turbine, first used on a passenger vessel in 1901, rapid progress is at hand, as well.

Speech having been registered by telephonic impressions so as to be intelligible, the different words being distinguishable by sight, D. Charbonnel, the French engineer who perfected the apparatus, is seeking a practical means of making a telephone receiver give an automatic report of itself on a traveling film or sensitized band, taking down any message that may come in the absence of the proprietor of the office.

For propelling canal barges, R. W. Thom of Southport, Eng., would use internal combustion engines fed with coal gas carried compressed in cylinders. Tests have shown numerous advantages, and the engines and storage cylinders are only half as heavy as steam engines of like power, and occupy much less space.

The new electrotyping process of Sherard Cowper-Coles claims greater rapidity and increased sharpness of duplication. By the usual method, a wax impression of the type form is taken in a special press, the wax mold—first coated with graphite—receives a deposit of copper of suitable thickness in an electrolytic bath, and the copper is stripped from the wax and backed with soft metal. Fine detail is lost through the filling up with wax of minute lines and dots. The improved way consists in taking the impression upon the backing, which is made up of a sheet of pure soft lead riveted to another lead sheet with a sheet of rubber between, and then applying the copper facing

directly by the electrolytic method. The soft lead, squeezed into the original printing surface by strong pressure, such as that of a hydraulic press, has cohesiveness to retain the finest detail, like that of a copper half-tone plate.

Summarizing the world's water powers, a French authority finds a total of 11,000,000 horse power available for Russia, 4,500,000 for France, 4,500,000 for Italy; 1,000,000 for Japan; 900,000 for Norway, 763,000 for Sweden, 700,000 for Germany, and an undetermined horse power for other countries. For the United States 1,500,000 horse power is credited as utilizable. France already uses 800,000 horse power; Norway, a large part of its total; Switzerland, 300,000; Germany, 100,000; Russia, 85,000; Great Britain, 70,000; Japan, 70,000; India, 50,000; and Italy, 30,000.

Testing animal origins or kinships by similarities of blood analyses, as suggested by Prof. Nuttall, the English biologist, is bringing novel ideas into zoology. It shows that the hippopotamus is a pig, and the walrus a horse, and confirms the long recognized relationship between birds and reptiles. But it does not connect man with monkeys and traces only slight kinship with the anthropoids.

Sunset Vale 1771

Capital 633

## The F. THOMAS' Parisian

Dyeing and Cleaning Works

Dyeing and Cleaning Dress Goods.

Silks, Blankets, and Curtains

A Specialty.

1012-10th st Sacramento

## Is Your Property For Sale?

We are constantly receiving inquiries from all parts of the United States for Farms, Vineyards and Country and City Homes on the Pacific Coast. If your property is for sale we shall be glad to place it on our list, and put you in direct correspondence with a large number of possible buyers. Address, TOWN & COUNTRY JOURNAL PUB. CO. 330 JACKSON ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

## ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VOLCANO, AMADOR CO., CAL.

L. H. Cook, Proprietor.

Refitted and renovated throughout. Best of accommodation for commercial travelers. Table supplied with best in market. Terms reasonable. jne1

## Globe Hotel

NEW MANAGEMENT.

MRS. ANNIE HURST....Prop'r

## Board and Lodging

AT REASONABLE RATES.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.

All Stages stop at this hotel.

JACKSON.....CAL.

## NEW

## National \* Hotel

Jackson, Amador county, Cal.

F. A. VOORHEIS, Proprietor

Stage Office for all Points

Lighted by electricity throughout

Commodious Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers. au18

## J. A. Vanderpool

## THE HARNESS MAN

Plymouth, Cal.

Has on hand a full line of Harness

and Hardest Fixtures, Saddles.

Bridles and Robes. Buggies

and Carriage tops made

to order.

Also has on hand a line of that well known and thoroughly tried BAKER & HAMILTON buggies.







FROM OUR  
CORRESPONDENTS

## OLETA.

August 3—We are having some of the warmest weather known for several years; that is to say so many warm days at once.

Mr and Mrs E. C. McCormick of Sacramento, formerly of Oleta, were visitors here for a few days of last week.

Glenn Gilbert of Jackson, is a visitor with his father and grandmother, for a week.

Frank Clark and Paul Taylor have gone on a fishing trip to the mountains.

Joe Schilling of Sacramento, has been up here for several days, visiting friends in and around Oleta.

Geo. and Peter Brunold have gone to Los Angeles, where Geo. has been employed for three years, and Peter intends getting work.

Mart Robinson, was up to the old home last week. He is the proud father of a baby girl.

Miss Mary Weston of Plymouth, who has been up to Mrs Knapp's for some time past, is now at C. Wilson's.

Mrs M. A. Votaw and son, of Forest Home, were seen in our burg last week.

Pansy.

## SUTTER CREEK.

Aug. 6—Miss Julia Tanner, accompanied by her niece, Miss Zita, left Thursday morning for San Francisco and Berkeley to remain indefinitely.

C. K. Downs returned Wednesday evening, after several weeks' visit in San Francisco.

Charles Smith and family returned this week from their outing in the mountains.

Miss Mollie Mathis, who was the guest of Mrs E. C. Voorheis and Mrs Clark for several weeks, returned to her home in Oakland last Sunday.

Miss Edith Daneri is the guest of Miss Sadie Kerr in Amador City this week.

Chas. Joy and family have returned from their camping trip in the mountains.

Mrs Julia Wildman was visiting friends in Amador this week.

News is brief this week as our people have not yet returned from mountain trips or to the bay cities, and some are just starting out. The town is very quiet just now.

The skating rink started up last Saturday night under the management of L. Canvin and Matt Kincaid, which drew quite a little crowd of spectators and skaters.

L. F. Stinson arrived here Wednesday in the interest of the Record, which we understand, he is going to again resume the management.

Sutterite.

## SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

Aug. 6—The weather this week has moderated from the extreme heat of the preceding month greatly to the relief of suffering humanity. The valley seems to have had a less degree of heat than some other parts of the county, but no one cares to have it any hotter. No damage has been reported to the fruit crops, except to ripen a little faster than was convenient to those handling the crop, but vegetables suffered in some instances as the supply of irrigation water is low.

The thresher began work this morning, the long delay being from the late arrival of the new separator. It is reported that there is such a serious shortage of water in the valley that some of the ranchers may not be able to supply enough for the thresher outfit. Many wells have run low and springs are shrinking. The supply from the Hayward company's ditch was shut off the first of this month, which leaves those who were depending upon that supply in an uncomfortable position.

Leslie McNaughton of Placerville, was in the valley last Friday.

Mrs Fred Yager and two children, returned from a visit to relatives in Oakland last Sunday.

Miss Bessie Brumfield is at home from Sacramento for a visit to her folks.

Ollie Harrell went to Sacramento Sunday, to escort the separator of the Jameson threshing outfit to its sphere of usefulness in this neighborhood.

Shau.

**The Laziest Man in the World** would not be contented to be kept in the house and doing nothing by rheumatism. Neither are you, who are always busy and active. Then don't neglect the first twinge of an ache or pain that you might think is just a "crick." Rub well with Ballard's Snow Liniment and no matter what the trouble is, it will disappear at once. Sold by Rubner's City Pharmacy.

## IONE.

Aug. 6—Mrs Milton Ziehn is visiting friends in Roseville for a couple of weeks.

Miss Mabel Kennedy of Sacramento, is the guest of Mrs C. Pinkert.

Mrs Martha Jarvis went to Oakland this morning, for a visit with relatives and friends.

## Board of Supervisors.

The board of supervisors met Monday; all the members present.

The following claims were presented and allowed:

A Grillo, mileage	\$ 4 80
D A Fraser, "	1 60
D A Patterson, statistics	8 50
Wm Going, janitor	70 00
E E Endicott, autopsy	25 00
O'Neil & Podesta, livery	2 00
F Risher, supplies	19 15
Pacific Tel & Tel. Co., phones	35 05
Spagnoli Drug Co., drugs	5 40
Amador L Co., lights	3 00
Vela & Piccardo, stationery	63 00
Mrs Annie Hurst, meals for jury	151 90
Green & Ratto, livery	6 00
L C White, furniture	5 00
U S Gregory brd. of prisoners	99 00
L Burke, mileage	4 80
T Wiebe Co., supplies	4 90
W M Amick, mileage	4 80
H E Potter, inquest	15 00
H E Meek, services	3 00
A M Gail, M. D., autopsy	27 50
Heads S. B. C., diplomas	21 25
W H Greenbald, visiting schools	25 00
J E Kelly, health officer	4 00
F W Parker, watchman	10 00
U S Gregory, expenses	14 00
A Carlisle & Co., supplies	14 28
V S Garbarini, labor	2 00
C E Jarvis, military list	133 50
Jackson G L Co., gas	9 50
J Ellis et al, bluejay bounty	2 26
County officers postage	25 00
Frank Garbarini, repairing stool	2 00
W H Willis, services	11 22
C E Parker, expressage	21 62
Mrs C Richtmyer, water	6 00
W Whitwood et al, coyote bounty	30 00
Amador Dispatch, printing	93 75
Amador Ledger, printing	47 40
L J Glavinovich, supplies	6 65
Hospital fund—	

H E Potter, burial	\$ 10 00
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co., phones	1 65
O'Neil & Podesta, conveyance	4 00
Amador E Co., lights	5 25
Spagnoli Drug Co., drugs	7 50
P L Cassinelli, groceries	164 00
P L Cassinelli, allowances	10 00
Mrs C Richtmyer, water	7 00
Mrs C Langhorst, supplies	14 75
E E Endicott, physician	60 00
F B Lemon, superintendent	60 00
J E Watson, conveyance	5 00
E Dooley, "	5 00
Mrs F B Lemoin, matron	30 00
Mrs J Turner, washing	10 00
Mrs M A Tregloan, cooking	30 00
G Oneto Co., vegetables	10 20
Geo L Thomas, meats	66 28
E Ginoecchio & Bro., supplies	2 40
Jackson G L Co., gas	3 75
E Ginoecchio & Bro., clothing	4 05

Road District No. 1.—Peter Canbio, labor \$10, Chas Dufrene 12, F Martell 2, D Badaracco 4, Paul Rascia 4, Jack Hanley 9, A Dufrene 100.75, H Hamrick 2.

Road District No. 2.—W M Langford, labor \$158.

Road District No. 3.—L Gaili, labor \$14.

Road District No. 4.—M E Tucker, supplies \$6.50, J Molinari labor 4.50, L L Cuneo 19.90, M Mazzini 4, John Williams 4, H Cook 115.94, D Ramazzotti, repairing bridge 3, W Boitano, labor 4, Jerry Lawlor 4, F Giannini 50.

Road District No. 5.—Geo. Robert et al, labor \$6, O Packard 14, T Thompson 4, J W Ninnis 8, F Giannini et al 14, A McWayne 4 55, Bridge fund—J E Brown, lumber \$9 52, Amador Co. L. Mills, 56 12, V S Garbarini, bridge 740.

General Fund—E Barnhart, lumber \$53 05.

Salary fund—John Strohm, W M Amick, A Grillo, D A Fraser and L Burke each \$25 as road commissioners.

H E Potter allowed \$10 for the burial of Mrs J Holman.

W G Snyder appeared in behalf of application for liquor license of G Galliano.

The following applications for liquor were granted:

Township No 1—J H Follen, D T Kerr and J Ghiglieri.

Township No 2—John Spindler, A A Davis, W C Dillon, A Corneal, J H Viennseux, and J M Haller.

Township No 3—J B Grillo, Tony Delucchi, E Huey.

Township No 4—M D Nixon, M D Nixon, M J Gorneau, M J Puccini, Perano & Molinari, W H Hancock, C Boro, John Raddatz, A A Franke, S J Pearce, John Bacon, John Cox, Thomas W Bryant, Frank Rizzi, J Montiverde, Vicini & Clemence, Shear Bros., Arnerich & Arnerich, H Eplett, C Soracco, Brignoli Estate Co., Domenico Birta, G Galliano.

Township No 5—P Ramazzovich, I Capatina, Contruce & Caniglia, F Dubine, J E Walton, Mrs A Caryle, F Gazzera, C Devore, C Devore, G W Noe, D Rosa, W H Giasson, Rosenwald & Kahn, F Giannini, Levaggi Estate Co.

Application of E. Chuma for liquor license in Amador City denied on grounds of keeping a disorderly house.

Application of W J Hite for license in Oleta laid over until next meeting, at which time the remonstrances will be heard.

M Brian appeared before the board and offered to fix the south wall of the court house for \$80, guaranteeing

to keep the water from soaking through. Voted that he be allowed to do it.

Communication from W H Greenbald, superintendent of schools, concerning the amount of money needed to conduct the schools of the county for the ensuing term read and placed on file.

Toman appeared before the board in regard to painting certain rooms of the court house. Voted that he be allowed to paint all the rooms, excepting the court room, judge's chambers, hall of records and the law library, for \$297.

Sheriff Gregory authorized to install a bath tub for the benefit of jurors.

The new Ankum bridge was accepted by the board.

A. Yonk granted a tree liquor license for six months.

Claims of the Amador Ledger and Amador Dispatch, which were laid over last month allowed for the full amount.

James Dabb allowed \$10 a month for three months.

C E Jarvis, assessor, allowed the sum of \$100 for statistical report.

The military roll presented by C E Jarvis was accepted.

Erroneous assessment of Mrs Melford cancelled.

Clerk was instructed to communicate with the state forester in regard to establishing a fire district and appointing a fire district.

Warrants cancelled as follows:

School fund	\$1506 65
Hospital	1389 26
Salary	734 77
Road District No 1	1451 65
" " " 2	402 85
" " " 3	120 60
" " " 4	675 60
" " " 5	240 25
General road fund	120 20
Law library	12 80
Teachers' inst. and library	30 05

Total \$6748 58

Adjournd.

Feel languid, weak, run-down? Headache? Stomach "off"?—Just a plain case of lazy liver. Burdock Blood Bitters tones liver and stomach, promotes digestion, purifies the blood.

**CASTORIA.**  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchett*  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

**BORN.**

TANTAU—In Ione, July 26, 1908, to the wife of Geo. W. Tantan, a son.

WHEELER—In Ione, July 29, 1908, to the wife of S. C. Wheeler, a son.

PITOI—At Copper Hill, August 2, 1908, to the wife of Julius Pitois, a son.

**DIED.**

CLIFTON—In Stockton, July 25, 1908, Silas Clifton, aged 21 years.

TANTAU—In Ione, July 26, 1908, infant child of Mr and Mrs Geo. W. Tantan.

GIANNINI—In Drytown, August 7, 1908, Edward Giannini, son of Mr and Mrs Florence Giannini, aged about 21 years.

MASSA.—At Jackson Gate, August 6, 1908, only child of Antonio Massa, aged 3 years.

**BANKRUPT SALE**

**The Bankrupt Stock of**

**E. W. KELLEY**

is now on sale for only a limited time

**Fixtures for Sale**

**M. I. HABER**

Receiver.

If You Want  
Good Health

DRINK NOTHING BUT

**Ruhstaller's  
"Gilt Edge"  
Steam Beer**

**BEST BEER IN THE WORLD**

Made from pure Hops and Malt

**SACRAMENTO**

CALIFORNIA. my29

## Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior—  
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.  
June 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Mary L. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif., who, on June 10, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2211, for S $\frac{1}{2}$  of SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 4, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 25th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
Fredrick Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif., E. M. Culbert of Amador City, Calif., William Brown of Oleta, Calif., and V. J. Chichizola of Jackson, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,  
Register.

jne19

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—  
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.  
June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Gust Petterson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2203, for the S $\frac{1}{2}$  of SE $\frac{1}{4}$  and S $\frac{1}{2}$  of SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chichizola of Amador City, Calif., J. P. Moffett and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, and G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,  
Register.

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## Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior—  
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.  
June 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif., who, on June 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2214, for NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 12, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 25th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
E. M. Culbert and R. D. Myers of Amador City, Calif., William Brown of Oleta, Calif., and L. H. Cook of Volcano, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,  
Register.

jne19

## Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior—  
U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif.  
June 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James W. Marr, of Plymouth, Calif., who, on June 10, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2213, for NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , Section 11, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 25th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
Frederick Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif., William Brown of Oleta, Calif., A. Pini and Frank Knowlton of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG,  
Register.

jel19

Bank of Amador County  
Jackson, California.

GO TO THE  
**AMADOR BAKERY**  
When You Want Fresh BREAD  
A. DAL PORTO & CO. PROPS.  
We also keep a large stock of Staple and Fancy  
**GROCERIES**  
Our Specialty—Fresh Bread every day except Sunday

**MONEY BEGETS MONEY**

of Saving Comes Having

The more money saved the more it is increased by the accumulation of interest and each six months it increases more rapidly by compounding; the safe and sure way of accumulating is to deposit it in the

**People's Savings Bank**  
SACRAMENTO, CAL.  
Pays 4 percent on term and 3 percent on ordinary deposits. One dollar starts an account.  
Send for our booklet, "BANKING BY MAIL."

**Electrical Wiring**  
Of all descriptions  
Door and Call bells and short line Telephones  
intalled in any home.  
For particulars call  
G. M. Voorheis - Main 2  
Jackson - California

**SHOEMAKING**  
V. MAROVICH  
located in  
L. Radovich's saloon at Main street bridge.  
The best kind of workmanship and fully 10 percent less than any one else in town.

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The Photographer

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214 S San Joaquin st.  
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813 K st  
SACRAMENTO

1250 Clay st  
OAKLAND

**DAILY STAGE LINE**  
BETWEEN  
JACKSON and EL DORADO  
J. Steiner, Proprietor.

Leaves Jackson every morning at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 10:30 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 1 p. m.; arrives at El Dorado 5 p. m.

Leaves El Dorado 7:15 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 11 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 2 p. m.; arrives in Jackson at 5 p. m.

OFFICES—Jackson, National Hotel; Sutter Creek, American Exchange; Amador City, Amador Hotel; Drytown, Exchange; Plymouth, Forest House.

Prompt delivery of packages.

This line connects with passenger trains to and from Placerville.

THROUGH FARE . . . \$2.50  
Fifty pounds of baggage free.



## A Beautiful Picture

Given Away With Every Box of

## KIRO TOOTH POWDER

PRICE . . . . . Twenty-five cents

RUHSER'S CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

### TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall	Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall
Aug. 1, 1908	70 106		Aug. 17		
2	72 103		18		
3	65 100		19		
4	59 94		20		
5	57 97		21		
6	61 101		22		
7	66		23		
8			24		
9			25		
10			26		
11			27		
12			28		
13			29		
14			30		
15			31		
16					

### LOCAL NEWS

Pioneer flour is the best; have no other.

The baseball teams of Sutter Creek and Amador City met last Sunday on the former's diamond. Considering the score, which was 17 to 16 in favor of Sutter, it must have been a very poor exhibition of ball playing.

Wm. J. McGee will return from San Francisco today. His family will return to Sutter Creek from Bear River next Monday.

Every sack of Peerless flour contains one coupon, which entitles the holder to one chance for each coupon, in a prize valued at \$100. Amador Mills.

The Golluber Syndicate, which company purchased the McCutchen bankrupt stock, has bought the dry-goods and furnishing stock of E. W. Kelley from the San Francisco board of trade. M. J. Haber, manager of the McCutchen stock during that sale, has charge of the Kelley store, and will proceed to dispose of the goods.

Buy the best sewing machines made, for sale cheap. Z. T. Justus, Weil Bldg. Jackson.

Mrs. John Bernick and her son, Joe, and Byard Holtz left for Stockton Monday morning for a week's visit.

I. N. DeWitt and daughter, Mrs. Martin Loftquist, are visiting George Thomas in Hunts Gulch.

The reports of appointment for teachers for the ensuing school term are coming in slowly to the superintendent. Some trouble has been experienced by a number of schools being applied for by one and the same person. This same thing has been experienced elsewhere. It is charged that a teachers' association has been organized in Los Angeles and Oakland for the purpose of getting dummies to apply for schools, and then sending in the name of a friend as substitute, and charging the teacher so placed with commission. The scheme has been worked with some success in different parts of the state, and the fraud has only recently been exposed.

M. L. Smith Notary Public and Stenographer, Court St., Jackson, Telephone Black 413.

Mrs. E. Harrington and little daughter returned Wednesday from San Francisco, where they spent about ten days.

Frank Barnett, sheriff of Alameda county, and W. H. Willis of Fruitvale, came up Wednesday, to appear as witnesses in the trial of Domenico Manzo. They returned this morning. Detective Ranner was to have come up also, but something prevented. His testimony as given in the previous trial was read to the jury.

Dr. C. H. Gibbons, who has been located in Jackson for nearly a year, left yesterday morning for College City, Colusa county, where he will engage in practice of medicine. He lived in that section for seventeen years up to ten years ago, and has many friends there, who prevailed upon him to return. Dr. Gibbons has made a host of friends in Jackson, who regret his leaving, but wish him well in his new field.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$2.50

### Trial of Domenico Manzo.

The trial of Domenico Manzo, another of the four charged with burning the Summit House, was commenced Monday morning. Mr. Creely has been conducting the defense alone, Mr. Cohen, his associate being in Oakland, while Mr. Taber has charge of the prosecution. Most of Monday was consumed in drawing the jury, though a couple of witnesses were heard. Those who compose the jury are, L. W. Jones, W. W. Jones, A. C. Miner, Nicholas Hornberger, D. C. Churchman, W. H. Sharp, Geo. Miller, E. A. Trask, S. M. Sharp, A. W. Kimball, J. C. Harding and Wm. C. McLaure. The same witnesses are being called as were heard in the Borello trial, and practically the same testimony is being given. After defendant was arrested in San Francisco on the night of February 14th, he was brought to Jackson, and, as A. Borello had done, made a confession which statement, the defense endeavored to keep from the jury on the grounds of having been secured by threats, promises and other methods. The jury was not excused during the hearing of testimony regarding the confession of which the following is a copy as admitted in evidence by the court:

Domenico Manzo, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: My name is Domenico Manzo, that on or about the 28th day of January, 1908, Agostino Borello asked me if I would go to Sutter Hill near the town of Sutter Creek, Amador county, Cal., and set fire to the Summit House hotel, and he agreed to pay me \$100 after it was burned down; that on the morning of the 30th day of January, 1908, I met Agostino Borello at the Verdi hotel, 548 Green street, city and county of San Francisco, and then we went to the ferries, and Agostino Borello purchased the tickets for myself and himself, and we came direct to the Summit house hotel; we slept in the Summit House hotel two or three nights, I don't remember exactly the number of nights; that Agostino Borello took me through the hotel and showed me the can of coal oil and told me to use it for the purpose of burning down the hotel; Agostino Borello left me about the 3rd day of February, 1908, and I went and stopped with his brother Marco Borello, across the street from the hotel; I remained at Marco Borello's two or three nights, I cannot remember exactly the number of nights, and left Sutter Hill at Pomerelli's place about eight o'clock in the evening on or about the 5th day of February, 1908, and went to lone about, arriving in lone about midnight of the same day, I slept in a box car at lone until the train left lone for Stockton, when I boarded the train and went to Stockton; I remained in Stockton two or three days and from there went to San Francisco. I returned to the Verdi hotel at 548 Green street, San Francisco, and was arrested there on the evening of the 11th day of February, 1908, I was placed in the city prison of the city and county of San Francisco, and on the 14th day of February, 1908, I was brought to Jackson by the sheriff of Amador county.

I further depose and say that no man saw me set fire to the Summit House hotel, and if I would hire a man to go out and kill another, and two or three days afterwards I was informed that the man was killed, I could not swear that the man that I had hired did the killing, and I give this as an illustration of the fire that occurred at the Summit House hotel; And I further depose and say that all the statements made by me in this affidavit have been made freely and voluntarily, that no promises have been made to me by any one, that no rewards have been offered to me, and that no concessions or inducements have been offered or extended to me by any one to make this affidavit.

The case will go to the jury this afternoon, the attorneys finishing their arguments about three o'clock.

Logan for Best Baby Photo's.

Logan, the premier photographer of Stockton, has won a substantial reputation by his splendid work in photographing the little tots. He has pleased thousands with his work and can certainly please you. Next time you are in Stockton, bring the youngsters along and have them photographed. Every comfort for mother and child in his big up-to-date studio at No. 15 S. San Joaquin street. aug. 7-2t

"Pet of Parson's Ranch."

Despite the fact that Saturday was a very hot day, a large crowd filed Love's hall that evening to overflowing, to witness the production of the "Pet of Parson's Ranch" given by local talent for the benefit of the Methodist church. Both financially and from a stage point of view it was a success. Tickets had been distributed in bunches to members of the church, who bent every effort to dispose of them. The net receipts for the evening amounted to over \$135.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the signature of J. C. Watson

of J. C. Watson

of J. C. Watson

of J. C. Watson

of J. C. Watson

### A. BORELLO CONVICTED.

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Arson in Second Degree.

In the trial of A. Borello, charged with arson in the burning of the Summit House hotel near Sutter Creek, the prosecution and defense spent Friday afternoon in gathering together a few scattering threads of testimony. Saturday morning each side concluded the argument of the matter. After the instructions by the court the jury withdrew at 11:45 to consider the case, and after deliberating for two hours returned a verdict of guilty of arson in the second degree. Sentence was deferred until some later day. The verdict was in the second degree, because the prosecution could not show that defendant was the one who actually started the fire, but was one of the conspirators and prime movers. Arson in the first degree is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than two years; in the second degree, for not less than one year, nor more than 25 years.

Judge Rust passed sentence this morning giving Borello ten years in San Quentin prison.

### Fire at Preston School.

A fire broke out between one and two o'clock yesterday morning in the kitchen department of the Preston school at lone. The building is of three stories, with dining room on the upper floors, an elevator being used to convey the provisions from the kitchen to the rooms above. The building is a separate affair built of brick. The fire is supposed to have started from the range in the kitchen, in which a fire is usually kept almost constantly. The flames shot up through the elevator to the rooms above, destroying not only the kitchen, but also the two upper floors, in spite of all that could be done with a full force of water, the reservoir having been filled by using coal oil lamps, instead of electric lights. The damage is not very serious, an estimate of \$1000 is placed on the loss, but it will probably be considerably above that.

"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulators relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex.

### Unclaimed Letters.

Pietro Antognoli, Miro Anteljevich, H. Darrell, Johnny Darrell, Mrs. Jennie Corsiglia, Willie Parker, Miss Ouida Pattee, Blas Curic, paper.

### Forest Fires Numerous.

For the last several days bursh fires have been raging in nearly half a dozen places in the close vicinity of Jackson. There are two near Pine Grove, one near Mokumne Hill another a few miles down the river, while still another was raging the first of the week near Quartz Mountain.

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, both papers for one year \$2.50 in advance

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co. doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists at 75 cents.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Furnished Rooms to let; inquire at Ledger office.



### PLACE YOUR SAVINGS

With us and watch them grow. Our bank pays 4 per cent interest, compounded every six months, and your money is in safe hands. \$1.00 will start an account. Write to us today.

Union Safe Deposit Bank

STOCKTON, CAL.

## STILL IN THE FRONT

For full lines of clothing, shoes, drygoods, gloves, silks, laces, embroideries, ladies' waists and ties, and corsets, all of which will be sold to the people of Amador county for less than any house in the state, taking out the expenses and express charges.

## SHOW'S CASH STORE

Sutter Creek - California

### MINING NOTES.

Kennedy.—This company started the erection about two months ago of a reinforced concrete building near the East shaft. This week the workmen commenced tearing away the scaffolding, and will proceed to put the finishing touches to it. It is two stories in height, the ground floor covering a space about 25x40 feet while the upper story is smaller. The building will be used as offices of the mine, taking the place of the one at the old shaft, which was inconvenient.

### SUPERIOR COURT PROCEEDINGS

HON. R. C. RUST, JUDGE  
Estate of V. Mazzetti.—Final account, etc., filed. August 8 set for hearing.

New Cases  
Estate of D. B. Pardoe.—Elizabeth Pardoe petitions for letters of administration. The estate consists of an undivided interest in about 5000 acres of land in Amador county, and cattle and horses, total value being about \$20,000. Petitioner is the widow of deceased. Other heirs are Reuben C. Pardoe, aged 21, J. Borden Pardoe aged 14, residing with the petitioner, and Maude A. Pardoe, residing in the county of Monterey. August 15 set for hearing.

Estate of Ann E. Trelease.—H. E. Potter petitions for letters, August 10 set for hearing. Estate is valued at not more than \$500. The only known heirs are R. J. Ludt, husband, Margaret Ludt, Thomas G. Trelease, Josiah Trelease, William Trelease and Charles Trelease.

### A Faithful Friend

"I have used Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy since it was first introduced to the public in 1872, and have never found one instance where a cure was not speedily effected by its use. I have been a commercial traveler for eighteen years, and never start out on a trip without this, my faithful friend," says H. S. Nichols of Oakland, Ind. Ter. When a man has used a remedy for thirty-five years he knows its value and is competent to speak of it. For sale by Jackson's drug store, Saguoli, prop.

### Treasurer's Report.

The chairman of the board of supervisors and the district attorney counted the money in the county treasury and found actually there \$22,218.63 in different kinds of currency, and \$15,000 on deposit with the Bank of Amador County.

### DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

[The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.]

Deeds—Charlotte Ramazzotti to D. V. Ramazzotti, portion of lot 18 block 10, Sutter Creek, \$10.

Anna D. and Joseph L. Swase to S. A. Earle, lot 4 block 2, lot 6 block 2, and lot 6 block 5, Lancha Plana.

Ralph Lucas to Rebecca Lucas, 120 acres in 1-4-9, and 9 acres in 1-4-9. Deed of gift.

Bill of Sale—Lucy J. Webster and Ada E. Mason, to Fred Rabb, the Whitmore band of cattle, \$1.

Patent—U. S. to Jacob Stone, half of lot 7, and 80 acres in 7-7-14, containing 120 acres.

Mortgages—Wm. K. and Daisy N. McFarland to George C. Versalovich, 70 acres in 12-6-12, to secure a note for \$300 for one year with interest at 7 per cent.

Estray Notice—Steve Ferrari, notice of estray two year old heifer.

Locations—Nutun Voe of the Blue Dick placer claim in 33-8-12.

Walter Dent of the White Cloud placer claim in 33-8-12.

Agreement—Between the Fremont Con. Mining Co. and the Hambrick Snice Co., composed of Perle-T. Hambrick, Joseph W. Phelps and Mark Eudey. The mining company granting the latter the privilege of treating the slimes at the Fremont mine near Amador City for a period of five years, with the understanding that they can purchase the plant after two years. The second party agrees to pay a royalty of 20 per cent of the gross returns from the sale of all products of the tailings plant.

Relinquishment of Execution.—A. G. Laverone to John Glavinich.

### Volcano Fails to Show Up.

A baseball game was announced for last Sunday between Volcano and Jackson, but at the last moment the Volcano manager phoned down that they would not be here to play. It is understood that they made an effort to pick a team from all over the county, besides the Diamond Springs pitcher. But for some reason they could not land their men, so rather than try it alone called the game off.

### E. MARRE & BRO.

Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers  
In Imported and Domestic

### Wines \* Liquors \* Cigars

JACKSON.....CAL.

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR J. F. MARTELL Cognac, Most & Chaudon, White Seal and Private Cuvee Champagne; Morgan Bros. Puerto de Santa Maria Sherries; Royal Wine Company, Oporto, Port Wines; Dubos Freres, Bordeaux, Cigars and Sauternes; CANADIAN CLUB WHISKY, Hiram Walker & Sons, Limited, Walkerville, Ontario, Canada; John de Kuyper & Zoon, Rotterdam, Gin; Gilka Kuenzel, from J. A. Gilka, Berlin; Bartholomay Brewery Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Knickerbocker Beer; Doghead Brand of Guinness, Stout and Bass' Ale (bottled by Read Bros., London); Cartell & Cochrane, Belfast, Ginger Ale; Naglee Brady; Reimported American Whiskies

### STOCKTON CARRIAGE WORKS

Buggy Tops from \$10.00 up.  
Auto Tops from \$29.00 up  
The best rubber tires made, put on new and old wheels.  
Discount to the trade.

S. F. PHELAN, Proprietor,  
No. 434 E. Market street,  
24th STOCKTON, Cal.



# THE CRUISE OF THE U. S. S. LAWRENCE

From Norfolk, Va., to San Francisco, Cal., via the  
Straits of Magellan, Dec. 2, 1907, to May 6, '08.

Continued from last week.

Arrived at Punta Arenas today (Feb. 4) and we certainly had the rough trip I thought we would. The weather was horrid, and very cold, and the sea very rough. I don't think anybody on board has had any rest since leaving Buenos Ayres, because in the sea these boats danced around and plunged so much that sleep was impossible, and in order to eat you had to do a regular flying trapeze performance, holding on with both feet and one hand and eating with the other hand. Most of the "young salts" aboard gave it up as a bad job about the second day. They said "What's the use of eating anyway when it comes—well the inevitable result if you are at all addicted to sea sickness. The weather calmed down slightly on the morning of the 4th, and we sighted the lights on either side of the Straits of Magellan about 3:30 a. m. When about 40 miles from the entrance we sighted a large whale, but were unable to get a good look at him because there wasn't enough light. However, day break down here at this time of the year is about 2:30 p. m., and it gets dark about 8:30 p. m., while during the other half it gets light about 9 a. m., and is dark again by 3:30 p. m. Entered the Straits about 5 a. m., and as there is about a twenty knot current running in our direction we were making about 30 knots until we reached Punta Arenas. I had the twelve to four a. m. look-out watch this morning and witnessed one of the most brilliant sunrises I ever saw. Those up around Rio were grand, but this one was beyond description. The Straits from the Atlantic entrance to Punta Arenas are not at all attractive, they are about three miles wide except in two places called "the narrows." On both sides are barren mountains about 1500 to 2000 feet high, and the only thing worthy of mention until you reach Punta Arenas is a tall, striped lighthouse on the north side, which marks the boundary between Chile and Argentine Republic. Passed through the first narrows about 8:30 and the second about 10:45 and arrived and anchored off Punta Arenas about 2:30.

Punta Arenas is the most southerly city in the world, and presents a very peculiar appearance from the water front. It is built on the side of a mountain, and you can see every building from the water, as the back part of the town is elevated. Nearly all the buildings are small, one story affairs, with hardly any paint on them, and they all have corrugated iron roofs, and although I don't suppose they were intended to, but they present a very uniform appearance. The streets are all crooked and have no modern improvements. The population is very cosmopolitan. I suppose every country in the world is represented here, but most of the people are Germans, Swedes and "Spigottys," with a few Americans and Italians. There are several snow capped mountains around, but on the whole, the surrounding scenery, if the surrounding country can be called "scenery," is very bleak, barren, and uninteresting, but the people on board who have been all the way through the Straits say there is a big surprise awaiting us after we pass Punta Arenas. The principal occupation in the vicinity of Punta Arenas is sheep herding, and there are also a few gold mines in the interior.

We left Punta Arenas about 11 p. m., February 7th, in company with the battleships, the Chilean Cruiser "Chacabuco" at the head of the column piloting. We left at this unearthly hour so we could reach the first dangerous place in the Straits by daylight.

On the morning after we left, I had the 4 to 8 a. m. look-out watch, and on coming up on deck from below the sight "that burst upon my astonished vision" (with more apologies to Vergil) was simply, well a combination of grand, unexcelled, magnificent and wonderful would about half express it. For me to attempt to describe it would be an injustice, however, I will attempt to.

On both sides of us were mountains, so lofty that you had to look almost straight up to see the tops of them, the Straits at this point being scarcely a mile wide. For the benefit of anyone who may have traveled through the Straits, I will say that we were then about 15 miles to the westward of Cape Isidro. At the time when I came on deck, it was just that time in the morning when everything is so still and mysterious that it seems almost sepulchral. The battleships were steaming in column, and gliding along so silently that one would almost imagine them phantom ships, and their white paint matched

so perfectly with the gray, hazy atmosphere that their outlines were hardly visible, and their sidelights piercing the semi-gloom gave them the appearance of some huge, "ogle eyed" goblin, just escaped from a fairy book. As I said above, not a sound could be heard, and the six long, low, sneaky-looking, jet black destroyers, darting in among the battleship column, only added to the enchantment of the scene. The battleship column was about three miles long, and scarcely a man was visible throughout the entire fleet, but suddenly the bugles began to sound the most dreaded of all calls,—"Revilee," and almost instantly the decks are filled with blue-uniformed sailors, starting about their day's duties. Upon the appearance of the men on the fore-castle, quarter deck and along the superstructure, the whole appearance of the ship is changed. All is life and action, where only a moment before, silence reigned supreme. In my opinion, the sight of the men about the decks is what the trimmings are to a hat, they tone up its appearance, and "set it off" to a remarkable extent. The mountains on either side were snow capped, and several glaciers were visible in the near-by ravines, some of them extending almost to the water's edge. The sides of the mountains were densely vegetated with stubby trees and undergrowth, and rocks line the beach on either side. The sight of the ships among the wild savage surroundings was almost overwhelming, and just at the time when I was enjoying it to the utmost,—"crash, bang,—the "Lawrie" had done another one of her characteristic stunts—broken down. The starboard blower in the forward fire room had smashed, and our speed began to diminish, and I will confess that some of the men's expressions are hardly presentable in print. But this only proved a blessing in disguise, for as our speed diminished we were treated to another grand sight, seeing the battleships go by although as I said we didn't exactly like the circumstances. But when just abreast of the Glacier, the last ship in the column, we were ready to go ahead again, so we put on a little extra speed and caught up with the head of the column about 4 p. m., but there was a slight fog, and a characteristic Magellan squall had just "broken," so most of the ships were not visible.

We parted company with the battleships about 4 p. m., they keeping on through the Straits proper, while we entered Smythe channel and continued our course up among the numerous islands to the north and west of the Pacific entrance of the Straits. The next morning dawned clear and the weather was fine, but very cold. The surrounding scenery far surpassed my wildest expectations. It had the same general appearance of that of the day before, but the sides of the mountains were very bleak and barren, being covered with huge boulders and smaller rocks, and had no visible vegetation except just a few bushes along the water's edge. We had noticed several smokes ascending from both shores as we passed along, consequently all hands were keeping a bright look-out for Patagonian savages, and about 2 p. m. today, Feb. 9th, our vigilance was rewarded. A canoe put out from the shore and started toward the ships, so we stopped to "have a look." Their boat, if such a craft could be called a boat, was of a very rude type. It was not built of birch or neatly hollowed out of a log and modeled into a neat canoe, but was a very miserable affair built of rough-burnt planks, lashed together with thongs. The oars were more rough planks lashed to very rude poles. It was about 15 feet long by about 3 feet beam. In the center was a small fire, and in the boat were four men, three women, and eleven children. Although the mercury was trying to knock the bottom out of the glass, and we had on everything we could pile on and were still about to freeze, these Patagonians had only a small skin thrown loosely around them. We gave them food and tobacco, or rather all the scraps we had, and passed on. That night Feb. 9th, we anchored in a little bay behind an island called Otter bay. As there was still four hours of daylight a party of us went ashore and climbed a high mountain on the island. I enjoyed it very much, but it was rather strenuous sport. The mountain had a little short vegetation, but was nearly covered with huge boulders, which made the ascent a little difficult and a trifle dangerous.

Got under way at 4 a. m., February 10. At 7:30 a. m. we came to a place a little more open than usual, and

in a ravine near by there was an unusually large glacier, from which several pieces of ice, weighing probably 2000 tons each, had broken off and rolled into the water. On rounding a point we came upon them suddenly, but avoided a collision with any of them. The flotilla stopped, and each ship went alongside one of the ice bergs and took on a load of ice, we taking on two or three tons. It was a rather novel experience and one we will all remember. We also saw a small whale about 11:30, but didn't get a very good look at it. The Straits along here were very crooked, and we described a figure of eight about every ten minutes. At times you come in sight of a mountain that rises out of the water directly in front of you, apparently blocking the channel, but on reaching it you find a narrow passage around the side of it, some of them so narrow that you can almost reach out and touch the shore, in fact, almost two-thirds of the time in these channels a small child could easily stand in the center of the deck and toss a baseball to either shore.

About 2:30 p. m. we entered Icy channel, which certainly deserves its name, for almost as soon as you enter you can feel the icy breaths of several large glaciers in the immediate vicinity. You enter this channel from a comparatively wide channel, between two very high mountains about 1/4 of a mile apart, and the channel throughout its entire length, about 10 miles, is in no place wider than this, and in places is not so wide. There are several almost right angular turns in it, and making them is a "hair raiser" for fear. There are millions of ducks and other water fowls all along the channel and we had great sport taking wing shots at them.

Passed a wrecked steamer about 5:30 this afternoon, but was unable to ascertain her name.

We anchored tonight (Feb. 10th) in a little bay at the entrance to Moleyns Sound. There was a little cabin ashore in which some "Spigottys" lived that were running a lumber camp. They were rather surprised but awfully glad to see us, although we couldn't "sabe" much each other said.

Got under way at 4:30 a. m. and passed Michael Point abeam at about 4:40. The only change in the scenery today is that the mountains are more barren and uninteresting, and the weather is warmer. At about 7:30 p. m. we got outside of the passages and struck open water. We ran into a heavy fog which lasted until about 4:30 a. m., when we got behind some more islands.

At about 3:30 p. m., after following some more very crooked channels, between some islands, and passing some very pretty snow-covered mountains, we arrived at, and came to anchor off a small village called Quellon. It is only a village of about 500 inhabitants, but is an important lumber exporting port and has an alcohol distilling plant. They also have an electric light system which looked rather funny on account of the size of the place. The inhabitants, mostly "Spigottys" brought out poultry, eggs, vegetables, etc., which they preferred to barter for clothing and tobacco rather than for money.

Remained here all night, and about 5 a. m. the next day got under way. About 8:30 we got out from behind the island and struck open water. One of the densest fogs I ever saw enveloped everything. In fact it was considered so dangerous that the flotilla stopped and lay to for over three hours waiting for it to lift. There is a peculiar sea growth called kelp in these waters. It grows in large bunches, some bunches being anchored by their roots to rocks and called "fixed kelp," and others are floating around. While we were laying to waiting for the fog to lift, this floating kelp completely surrounded the ship and gave her the appearance of being lifted out of the water and set high and dry upon some island. Its branches and roots are very tenacious, and we experienced quite a little difficulty in getting clear of it when ready to proceed.

Arrived at Talcahuano, Chile, today Feb. 15. Talcahuano is situated in a small angle on the southwest side of Concepcion bay. Concepcion bay is said to be the finest harbor on this coast, and I think it compares very favorably with Rio Janeiro's, the finest in the world. The entrance is between two averaged-sized hills, and is fortified on either side by a small fort. The surrounding country is mountainous, their heights ranging from 1700 to 1800 feet. Talcahuano presents a fair appearance from the water front, although most of the buildings are of that same low "spigotty" design. The buildings and warehouses along the water front present a better appearance than those back further. Their docks are not very extensive—one wooden dock is all they have.

Went ashore to-day, and on closer inspection Talcahuano looks a little better, although it has the same defects—narrow, dirty streets, and build-

ings of very crude designs, but about two blocks back from the water front is the inevitable plaza; but in justice to it I will say that it is very pretty—nicely paved with tiles all around, lots of pretty flowers, and in the centers a little band stand. On one side of the plaza are the ruins of a once handsome old church, destroyed a few months ago by fire. The town is built among some little hills, and the left hand side being built around the side of a rather large hill. They have a few small street cars, drawn by donkeys. Each car is operated by a man and his wife. The man is the motor-man(?) and the woman the conductor. It appeared rather ludicrous to us to have a woman collect the fares.

About nine miles from Talcahuano is the city of Concepcion. It is a very pretty little city of about 40,000 inhabitants, and is the capital of the province of Concepcion. It is reached by steam cars from Talcahuano. I took a trip up on February 18th, and spent the evening. The cars and rolling stock are all of English build. There is a very nice depot both at Talcahuano and Concepcion. There are several other little cities around the shores of the bay, but hardly of enough consequence to mention. The Chilean government has a navy yard here (at Talcahuano) and a very good dry dock. There are three very good-looking Chilean men-of-war at anchor in the harbor at present.

Left Talcahuano to-day, Feb. 25th, bound for Callao, Peru. When we got outside the bay we found it pretty rough, and a stern sea running which kept up until the day before we reached Callao. We dropped land about 4:30 p. m., and sighted no more land until about 8:30 a. m., March 1st, when we arrived off the entrance to Callao harbor. Day before yesterday, Feb. 28th, all the bright work (polished brass) about the ship began to turn a very peculiar blue and purple, much to the consternation and distress of the men detailed to keep it bright. This was caused by the "Peruvian painter." There are numerous saltpeter mines all along the coast of Peru, and as saltpeter has the above mentioned effect upon brass, as soon as we came within twenty or thirty miles of the coast all the bright work began to "turn," and rub and polish as much as you would, it would not come off.

Callao is situated on the northeast side of the harbor. The harbor is a very nice one, about four miles wide by three long, but is not all pretty or picturesque. To the south are very barren mountains of sand, about 500 feet high, while to the north and east the foothills of the lofty Andes rise. Lima, the capital, situated on the north side, is visible from the harbor on a clear day. Just to the south of the entrance of the harbor are several small mountainous islands, almost totally covered by saltpeter, and on first sight, it appears to be snow. However, on the day we arrived old Sol was doing his duty so well that all ideas of its being snow were quickly dispelled. There were thousands of seals just outside the harbor, and we also saw several inside, but they are of a very inferior breed, and are of no commercial value.

There are several hundred merchant vessels of all nations in the harbor, and several Peruvian men-of-war. We anchored just off the marine landing about 2:30 p. m., March 1st. The battleships left yesterday, Feb. 29th, and all the papers are full of articles about them and entertainments tendered them.

Callao doesn't present a very prepossessing appearance from our anchorage, and I can't say that it improves very much on going ashore. The streets are very narrow and dirty, and are very roughly paved, especially near the water front. Most of the buildings are very old, of bad design, and rather ugly. There are several pretty little plazas around that relieve the general bad appearance of the place, however.

About nine miles from Callao, among the foothills of the Andes, at an altitude of about 500 feet, is Lima, the capital. It is a very nice place—most of the streets rather narrow, but well paved and clean. The buildings are nearly all old and antique looking, but not of bad appearance, and there are quite a few new up-to-date, and very handsome buildings. When we arrived at Callao all the business houses were closed for two days during a carnival they were having. People thronged the balconies, which overhang the sidewalks on both sides, armed with little thin rubber sacks, filled with water, holding about a pint, and as you pass along the opposite side you received a merciless pelting, which you are powerless to prevent. We men in uniform got more than our share, as we were very conspicuous. There are some very interesting old buildings in Lima, among them an old Catholic cathedral built by the Incas in thirteen hundred and something. The body of Pizarro is in here, and also some of the old Inca rulers. We were allowed to see Pizarro's body, but not those of the Inca rulers, as the vault in which they are buried, which is under the main altar,

(Continued on page 7.)

# EQUAL VALUE



## DEMAND THE BRAND

### DRIFTED SNOW FLOUR

"Eureka!" Science cries at last,  
For long and weary ages past,  
I've searched, and now found just the Flour  
To brighten up Life's every hour.

### DRIFTED SNOW FLOUR

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JACKSON, CAL

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At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

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Second circuit.....Rufus W. Peckham  
Third circuit.....Henry W. Brown  
Fourth circuit.....Melville W. Fuller  
Fifth circuit.....Edward W. White  
Sixth circuit.....John M. Harlan  
Seventh circuit.....William R. Day  
Eighth circuit.....David J. Brewer  
Ninth circuit.....Joseph McKenna

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Circuit judge.....Eskire M. Ross  
Circuit judge.....William B. Gilbert  
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Fifth district.....E. A. Hayes  
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Clerk Supreme Court.....F. L. Caughey

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Associate Justice.....W. G. Lorigan  
Associate Justice.....F. M. Angellotti  
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[Sacramento]

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Deputy.....L. G. Meehan  
Treasurer.....George A. Gritton  
Assessor.....C. E. Jarvis  
Deputy.....George A. Gordon  
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Township No. 5.....N. E. Wheeler

## Cruise of the Lawrence.

## Continued

is held very sacred, and no one but the priests ever enter. Pizarro's body is in a marble casket, with a glass top and side, hermetically sealed. It is nothing but a skeleton covered with dry, brown skin, but is vouched for by some very responsible authorities as being the original body. The cathedral on the outside is rather ugly, being built of yellow adobe brick, beginning to crumble in some places, but inside it is altogether different. The main altar is huge, and very elaborately constructed and decorated, and must have taken years to build. Along the sides are rooms about 25x30 feet, in each of which is a small altar for private services. Some of these altars are veritable works of art, inlaid with gold, and very handsomely decorated and equipped. It is in one of these that the body of Pizarro rests. Along the walls are some very handsome old paintings, each representing some scene from the life of Christ. Just in front of this cathedral is a very pretty little Plaza, and on the left are some of the municipal buildings, among them the police station. It is said that whenever a municipal election is held that one party gets on the roof of the police station, and the other party takes up a position in the towers of the old cathedral. I have just described, and a pitched battle is waged, the little plaza being sometimes covered with dead bodies. To substantiate this the old cathedral is covered with bullet holes. Lima is divided into two sections by a mountain stream that flows down a little valley, and the two sections are connected by a bridge. Lima and Callao are connected by both steam and electric cars, all the rolling stock being of American build and very modern. Half way between Lima and Callao is the electric power house, which is fitted with very up-to-date machinery and appliances. The railroad runs by Lima, and extends up into the Andes, attaining a level of 25000 feet. There are a great many American engineers down here, in fact this railroad, which is one of the greatest feats of engineering skill in the world, was built by an American Company. On the outskirts of Lima is a large marble statue, erected to commemorate the unity of Peru, Bolivia, and two other small republics, but for some reason, after the statue had been unveiled, they failed to unite, and came near having a war instead and the statue was the object of much ridicule by the American bluejackets.

The native Peruvians are of very good appearance, the upper classes having only a shade darker skin than Americans. The standard of civilization is very high, but I haven't seen a country on the whole trip that can compare with the good old U. S. A.

Left Callao March 9th, en route to Panama, and found fine weather outside, which we kept until reaching Panama on March 14th. Our course into our anchorage at Panama was between several small hilly islands, and we came to anchor in Panama Roads, about four miles off shore, just off La Boca, the Pacific terminal of the canal. We were forced to anchor at this distance from shore as there is about a 20-foot raise and fall of tide here. The city of Panama can hardly be called pretty, but it isn't exactly ugly. All the buildings, or rather most of them, are of the same "Spicotty" material, but there are several thousand Americans here now, consequently things are becoming more and more Americanized every day. Most of the canal employees live just outside of Panama in a settlement called Ancon, or rather Ancon is just a part of Panama called by that name. They have "quarters" built by Uncle Sam and furnished them free of charge. They are models of cleanliness, and are plain but convenient, and not bad looking. Uncle Sam has transformed our strip along the Isthmus from a dirty, swampy, unhealthy wilderness, into a clean, healthy region, with the most perfect sanitary appliances in the few years we have had hold of it.

I took two trips on the railroad across the Isthmus, so had a pretty good look at the canal. On the day before we left Rear Admiral Rousseau, U. S. N., had 300 of us as his guests on a special train for a trip along the canal. We were landed by a tug at La Boca about 9 a. m., where we boarded the special waiting for us. About five miles east of Panama and a couple of miles west of Culebra the train crosses the Canal on a trestle, and a good but short view can be obtained of the canal in directions. On the right the famous Culebra Cut is visible from this point. About fifteen minutes later we reached Culebra, the highest point on the Isthmus, and the greatest obstacle to overcome is right here. The canal has to be cut through a range of hills which has proved rather difficult, but is being put through just the same. Our train was backed around

on a spur to the side of the canal to watch the monster steam shovels at work. These huge machines remove 5 cubic yards of earth at a time and make three digs a minute. They are mounted on tracks and can be run up and down on the bed of the canal. The bed of the canal resembles a busy railroad yard more than anything else at present. There are several sets of double tracks along the canal, on one of which is the steam shovel and on the other the dirt trains run by endlessly, being filled by the steam shovels as they pass. All of our machinery is of modern build and built to withstand the heaviest use. This is where France 'fell down' in her attempt to build the canal. All of her machinery was very frail, and piles of it line the railroad track on either side—discarded, because it was too light and generally no good. Evidently they didn't realize what they were up against when they tackled it. The total amount to be excavated before the canal will be completed is 120,000,000 cubic yards, of which about 28,400,000 has been taken out. The main machine shops of the canal are located at Gorgona and employ about 1000 men. We reached Christobol about 2:30 p. m. and all hands went down to one of the government hotels where we had lunch, afterwards repairing to the Y. M. C. A., where we spent a very pleasant hour with them in the gymnasium, and singing, dancing, playing games, and having an all round good time. The return trip to La Boca was also very pleasant, leaving Christobol at about 3:30 and arriving at La Boca about 6 o'clock, the total distance across the railroad being about 52 miles.

On the first Sunday afternoon we were there, there was a special bull fight arranged for our entertainment. About 400 bluejackets attended, and enjoyed it as much as could be expected in view of the repulsive features from an American point of view. There were four bulls killed, one of them by a 'matador seniorita' (lady matador).

We left Panama about 5:30 p. m., March 22. There was a little ground swell running on the first night out, but it soon calmed down so the water was as smooth as glass. The weather was fine, the sky clear and Old Sol working over time. On the third day out we came to a place where thousands of turtles were laying on the surface of the water basking in the sun and sound asleep. They were such sound sleepers that we ran into several with the ship. As we were very short on fresh beef, having been living on "Canned Willie" for two days we stopped to catch some of them. Pulling boats went out from each ship and the turtles were so sound asleep that all we had to do was to pull alongside them, grab them by a flipper, and yank them in the boat. We got a boat load in about fifteen minutes, and had turtle la everything on the calendar for the rest of the run.

We arrived at Acapulco, Mexico, about 1 p. m., March 28. It is situated in a small bay almost entirely surrounded by mountains. The town is protected by a small adobe fort that looks like a 6-pdr. would knock it clear off the map. The town is hardly more than a village. Everything is very dirty and ugly looking, most of the houses being built of a mixture of mud and grass, with thatched roofs. It is almost unbearably hot here and we will all be glad to get away, as it is by far the worst place we have struck yet. There is a fine beach here, and about the only recreation we get is going in swimming after the sun goes down.

The "Lawrie" was in pretty bad shape when we arrived here. We were all out of fresh water, and nearly out of coal and had to go along side the Hopkins and get some as soon as we got in. We certainly had a close shave from the tow line this trip. The natives here bring out poultry and eggs to the ships to sell, and as the prices are reasonable we are all making up for that time we were starving on hard tack and canned willie. They also bring out shells, Mexican hats, sandals, etc., and good cigars are very cheap, so all hands are laying in a supply. Coaled ship from the U. S. S. Arctura all day on March 30th and all night and pulled out of Acapulco about 5 p. m., April 2nd.

Had very good, but considerably cooler weather all the way up. Nothing of interest happened on the trip until about 5 p. m. on the day before we got in, and then something did happen, the 'Lawrie' had to have a tow line. We ran short on coal and consequently had to be towed on in. Arrived off the entrance to Magdalena Bay about 6 p. m., April 5th. On getting inside all the lights on the battleships, who reached here ahead of us, came in view and there were so many of them that you would imagine it was a large city in the distance. We ran inside and came to anchor about 9:30. Magdalena Bay is about 15 miles wide and about 30 mi's long. On the western side

is a plateau of barren, sandy mountains that slope down to a low, flat plane on the eastern side. There are mountains on both sides of the entrance, but no visible fortifications, in fact, there is nothing to fortify. A small village of about twenty houses on the western shore is the only thing in sight. We held our record target practice on Sunday, April 12, making the second best score in the flotilla. Went ashore Sunday afternoon late and visited the little village on the shore, also visited the marine cemetery where several American blue jackets are buried. Good fish are very numerous here, and as the Flotilla has a seine, some ship takes it out every night and catches enough for the whole Flotilla. We had it last night and caught so many fish that we can't give them all away, so our decks are littered with fish, and the ship's cooks working over time to salt them down before they spoil.

We were challenged several weeks ago by the Whipple's 20-ft. cutter, and accepted, and the race was pulled off this morning (April 22), we being the victors by about four boat lengths. Completed record torpedo practice on April 25th, making a pretty tum score, and sailed the same afternoon about 7 p. m. for San Diego, Cal.

Arrived in San Diego early on the morning of the 28th, after a rather bad passage, due to the 'Gold Brick' having salty boilers and hanging back, and the fogs. San Diego is a very nice little place of about 10,000 and we received a very hearty welcome from the people, so we enjoyed our three days' stay very much, especially as it was the first American port we struck since leaving Norfolk.

Sailed for San Pedro about 5 a. m., May 1st, and arrived there shortly after noon. The next day forty of us left the ship as guests of the citizens of Los Angeles for an excursion. And such a trip. "Here's how"—We left the ship about 8 a. m., and boarded the cars for Los Angeles, arriving there about 30 minutes later after a ride through a very beautiful section of the country. We went from the cars to the chamber of commerce building, where we were shown one of the finest exhibits I ever saw in the line of a state's products, and everything beautifully arranged. At 10 o'clock we all got in automobiles which were awaiting us, and each man given a small American ensign; they all formed line and we went on a sight-seeing trip all over the city. There were about eighty autos in the line and each one full of bluejackets waving their flags and cheering for all they were worth. At twelve the ride was over and we went to one of the best cafes in town for lunch—Levy's. After a very sumptuous luncheon we all proceeded to the Orpheum theater to the matinee, and as there was a very good bill on that week we enjoyed it greatly. That night there was a big dance in our honor at the Chutes park, and pretty girls there galore, and of course it is useless to say that we enjoyed it. And all this was entirely free,—we were guests of honor at it all,—our money was tainted. If we started to pay for anything that day it was "Nix on the coin, jack" its all free. The people were the nicest to the bluejackets of any place we ever visited, and it was certainly with regret that we left.

On leaving San Pedro on April 3rd, we struck very heavy weather and were shaken up considerably, but weathered it all right, and arrived in Santa Cruz about 2 p. m. the next day, where we met the battleships. We didn't get ashore here, but it wasn't much of a place any way, just a little sea-side summer resort.

We got under way about 3 p. m., April 5, and steamed up the coast to the entrance to Frisco harbor, arriving there about 11 p. m., and anchored for the night. As soon as we were sighted several large fires were lighted on the beach so everybody would know we had arrived. The next morning 'at 11 o'clock we all got under way, and after being joined by the Pacific Fleet, steamed into the Golden Gate to our anchorage off the city. The shore on either side was black with people watching us, and the bay packed with ferry boats, and pleasure crafts of all descriptions. There was a continual roar of guns saluting us as we came in and you could hear the people cheering for miles. All the ships steamed up the eastern side of the bay and down the other side, back to our anchorage and all anchored in four lines, dressing ship as soon as the anchor was down. It was certainly one of the grandest sights I ever saw, and in fact, as we look back on it all, we say it was a fine cruise, and one we are glad we took, but there is not a man in the crew that isn't glad to be at home again, but all hands want a transfer from the Lawrence.

And so here ends the cruise of the "Lawrie."

Cheapest accident insurance—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Stops the pain and heals the wound. All druggists sell it.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

THE

## AMADOR LEDGER

Published in the Center of the Richest

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Printed every Friday Afternoon.

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## LOCAL EDITORIAL COLUMN.

## PROTESTED IN VAIN.

By the proceedings of the board of city trustees published in another column, it will be seen that a bill from the City Commercial Co., an outside printing concern, for election supplies furnished for the last city election, was presented in the sum of \$72.40, and allowed for \$61.15. There is something peculiar, not only in the contraction of this claim in the first place, but in the manner of its presentation, and allowance by the board. The supplies were ordered by the then city clerk, L. J. Glavinovich, within a week after the present contract for city printing was awarded to the Ledger. If a contract for any kind of supplies with a city or county government is not intended to cover everything required by such government, during the period of the contract it is about as useless a thing as can well be imagined. The law requires city printing to be let by contract to the lowest bidder annually. It is the duty of the officers to see that everything in the printing line is included in the schedule, and if not so included, the work, on any reasonable interpretation, goes to the printer to whom the printing contract has been awarded. Any other construction makes a mandatory provision of the law a farce. Think of a board of trustees calling for proposals for furnishing one solitary item in the job printing line, and letting a contract to the lowest bidder on that item, and thereafter claim that the city was free to take all other printing elsewhere without any contract or fixed rate. This in spirit is not only what is claimed by our city managers, but what has actually been done. Home industry has been ignored, as well as their own express agreement, and work sent to San Francisco in preference in the teeth of legal provisions prohibiting such preference. What would be thought by the storekeepers here, if an order for a few shovels or picks for city work was sent to an outside retail house, when local dealers were prepared to furnish them, of equal quality and at less price.

As contract printer the proprietor served a protest upon both the city trustees and clerk at the time this order was given. We did not know at that time where the order had been sent. A claim against county or city is outlawed unless presented within six months of the incurring of the liability. After the lapse of five months this particular bill crops up for allowance and payment. It calls for \$72.40—a larger sum than the total for job printing received under the contract during the current year. We again served a protest upon the city trustees, city clerk and treasurer, but the claim was allowed notwithstanding, after being shorn to the extent of \$11.25, for the reason that the printing and supplies for the preceding election, secured exclusively through local business houses cost that much less than the City Commercial Co.'s claim as presented. So it was no question of economy that caused the work to be sent away from home. The truth is the cost would have been further materially reduced if the items had been scheduled in the advertised list which was made the basis of the bids for city printing.

The City Commercial Co., from recent investigation, is not a legalized corporation. It is a name adopted by a combination of two or three printing firms in San Francisco, banded together for the purpose of monopolizing the municipal printing of that city. It has been repudiated by the mayor after full inquiry, revealing its methods.

This City Commercial Co.'s bill was made out on one of the regular city claim blanks. It is all typewritten, except the printed portions. It is neither signed nor sworn to, as is usually done. There is nothing to show where it came from. But it had to be ordered paid at this session or be outlawed. Of course it could not be rejected on the many legal grounds that existed therefor. Of such is the kingdom of Jackson.

## Why Kelly Didn't Sleep.

"One night I went in late to Father Dempsey's hotel. Every bed was full, and there were 200 men sleeping on the floor of the recreation room. Each one of them had a newspaper under him to keep off the dust of the floor. I pointed to one little Irishman and remarked that he did not seem to be resting well.

"What's your name, my man? Father Dempsey asked him.

"Thomas Kelly, your reverence."

"You don't seem to be resting well, Mr. Kelly."

"I'll get to sleep after awhile, your reverence," he answered.

"I don't believe you will unless you change your bed. You're sleeping on a Westliche Post," answered Father Dempsey."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

## Caught the General.

One of the regular army officers tells a story of how the old stringent army regulations once went against General Scott. One wet afternoon that soldier was caught in the rain in Washington. He was in full uniform and was well known, so, no cab being near, he borrowed an umbrella. Arriving at his hotel, an underofficer approached him and calmly remarked:

"General, you will consider yourself under arrest for eight days for carrying an umbrella while in full uniform."

## His Solitude.

"Is it a fact that your mother-in-law threw herself out of the third story window and you did nothing to restrain her?"

"Excuse me, I went to the first story to catch her, but she had already passed."—Diavolo Rosa.

## Riches.

It is not what we have, but what we can do without, that makes us rich. Socrates, seeing a large loaf of valuables pass one day, exclaimed, "I am most happy, for there are so many things that I do not want!"

## The Maroon Monster.

Friend—I suppose you run down a great many people? Motorist—Well, sometimes I run them up. Friend—Run them up? Motorist—Yes; last night I ran two men up a tree.—Chicago News.

## A Change.

Mrs. Larkin—I want a little money today. Fred. Mr. L.—I'm very glad of that. Mrs. L. (surprised)—Why are you glad? Mr. L.—Because generally you want a good deal.

## Greatly Underestimated.

"Bobby," asked his Sunday school teacher, "do you know how many disciples there were?" The little boy promptly said that he did and answered, "Twelve." Then he went on, "And I know how many Pharisees there were too."

"Indeed?"

"Yes'm. There was just one less than there was disciples."

"Why, how do you know that? It is nowhere stated how many Pharisees there were."

"I thought everybody knew it," said Bobby. "The Bible says, 'Beware of the leaven of the Pharisees,' doesn't it?"—Youth's Companion.

## The Grandest.

"What is the grandest thing in the universe?" asks Victor Hugo. "A storm at sea," he answers and continues, "And what is grander than a storm at sea?" "The unclouded heavens on a starry, moonless night."

"And what is grander than these midnight skies?" "The soul of man"—a spectacular climax such as Hugo loved and still, with all its dramatic effects, the picturesque statement of a vast and sublime and mighty truth.



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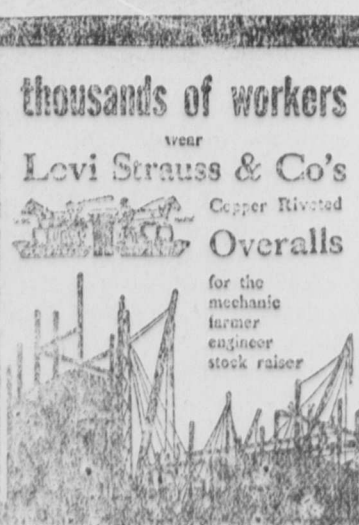
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Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best laxative and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic. Easy to take as candy.

## Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

ALL kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office; also deeds, mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor, and other legal blanks kept for sale.

Mining Signals on cloth, required to be posted in all mines, for sale at the Ledger office.

For Sale—Lot of benches, formerly used in Webb hall; 6 and 8 feet long; suitable for show place, churches, etc. Will be sold cheap; apply at Ledger office.

Acknowledgment blanks for notaries, specially printed for Amador county, may be had at the Ledger office. Price 50c per packet of 50.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

For Rent—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

## NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

The Board of Trustees of the City of Jackson, California, will meet as a Board of Equalization at 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday, August 10, 1908, and will continue to meet from day to day to equalize assessments. The assessment list, so far as ownership, description of property and valuation thereof are concerned, has been completed and is now on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Dated July 31, 1908. C. M. KELLY, City Clerk.

7-31-2t

## BANKING BY MAIL

The Stockton Savings and Loan Society with resources of \$4,000,000.00 offers every facility for doing a banking business by mail. Checks taken payable in any part of the United States. Our system of banking by mail practically brings this great bank to your door. To open an account with us, place the amount you wish to start within an envelope addressed to us and by return mail you will receive a bank book showing the amount of your deposit. The United States mails are safe and no one ever lost a dollar in this way. We solicit the accounts of farmers, business men, and others and assure them courteous and liberal treatment.

Kindly mention this Paper

Send for free Booklet.

**STOCKTON SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY**  
Stockton, California.

## Notice for Publication. 2210

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Agnes M. Raab, of Ione, Calif., who on May 29, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2210, for E½ of NW¼ and S½ of NE¼ Section 35, Township 8 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Rosalia Raab, of Ione, Calif. P. Bernardis, of Sutter Creek, Calif. E. M. Culbert and T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 15, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif., who, on June 10, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2212, for S½ of NW¼; SW¼ of NE¼ and NW¼ of SW¼, Section 9, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 25th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Frederick Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif. E. M. Culbert of Amador City, Calif. William Brown of Oleta, Calif. and V. J. Chichizola of Jackson, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je19

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Ida Moffett, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2202, for the NE¼ of SE¼, Section 3; N½ of SW¼ and SE¼ of SW¼, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif. G. C. Bruce, of West Point, Calif. Gus. Petterson and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Rosalia Raab of Ione, Calif., who, on May 29, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2209, for SE¼, Section 35, Township 8 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Agnes M. Raab of Ione, Calif. P. Bernardis of Sutter Creek, Calif. E. M. Culbert and T. A. Chichizola of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Julius Chichizola of Amador City, Calif., who, on June 3, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2208 for the SW¼ of SE¼; S½ of SW¼ section 3, and NW¼ of NW¼ Section 10, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Paul Francesconi and Ed. M. Culbert of Amador City, Calif. Fred Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif. and William Brown of Oleta, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Fred L. Erickson, of San Francisco, Calif., who, on May 22, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2204, for the E½ of NW¼; SW¼ of NW¼ and NE¼ of SW¼, Section 11, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Gust Lindquist, of San Francisco, Calif. G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif. Charles Erickson and J. P. Moffett, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Victor J. Chichizola, of Jackson, Calif., who, on June 3, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2207, for the N½ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼, Section 9, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 26th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: Paul Francesconi and Ed. M. Culbert, of Amador City, Calif. Fred Rabb of Sutter Creek, Calif. and William Brown of Oleta, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that William E. Prothero, of Amador City, Calif., who, on May 27, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement No. 2206, for the N½ of SE¼; SE¼ of NE¼ and NE¼ of SW¼, Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: C. Blize and L. H. Cook, of Volcano, Calif. Frank Knowlton and A. Pini of Amador City, Calif.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Gust Lindquist, of San Francisco, Calif., who, on May 22, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2205, for NE¼, Section 12, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 24th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: G. C. Bruce of West Point, Calif. Fred Erickson, of San Francisco, Calif. G. Patterson and J. P. Moffett of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication. 2200

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Meta J. Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2200, for the SW¼ of NE¼ and lots 1, 2, and 3, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif. G. C. Bruce, of West Point, Calif. James P. Moffett and Gus. Petterson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication. 2201

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that James P. Moffett, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2201, for the SE¼ of NE¼; N½ of SE¼ and SW¼ of SE¼, Section 2, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. A. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif. G. C. Bruce, of West Point, Calif. Gus. Petterson and Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Notice for Publication. 2199

Department of the Interior—U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif. June 8, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Erickson, of Portland, Oregon, who, on May 14, 1908, made timber and stone sworn statement, No. 2199, for lots 3 and 4 and S½ of NW¼, Section 1, Township 7 N., Range 14 E., Mount Diablo meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the Register and Receiver at U. S. Land Office in Sacramento, Calif., on the 20th day of August, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: T. Chichizola, of Amador City, Calif. G. C. Bruce, of West Point, Calif. J. P. Moffett and Gus. Petterson, of Portland, Oregon.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

je12-td

## Team and Buggy

## HARNESS

All hand sewed.

A. BASSO.

Main st., Jackson

W. ROSS

**FASHIONABLE TAILOR**

**Finest Stock of Woolens and Fabrics ever brought to Jackson**

First-class Workmanship Guaranteed.

Mr Ross has also, at great expense, learned the business of Cleaning, Pressing and Dyeing, and is prepared for cleaning of Suits, Silks, Satins, etc. Hats cleaned and blocked by most improved method, not commonly used by Tailors.

Open on or about Saturday, August 8th.

MAIN STREET, JACKSON.

In building formerly occupied by Max Ladar. Phone, Black 331